Safety Data Sheet GHS-Compliant

Chemical Name

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.



REAGENT CHEMICAL & RESEARCH, INC. 115 US Hwy 202 Ringoes, NJ 08551

PRODUCT IDENTITY	
Hydrochloric Acid, 20° or 22° Baume	Safety Data Sheet Revision Date - June 11, 2015
Section 1 - Identification	
Product Name	CAS #
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0
Synonym	Chemical Formula
Muriatic Acid	HCl

Hydrochloric Acid Solution	Inorganic Acid
Product Use	·
Acidification, pH Adjustment	
Manufacturer/Supplier Name	Address
Reagent Chemical & Research, Inc.	115 US Hwy 202 Ringoes, NJ 08551
General Information	Country
1-908-284-2800	United States
Emergency Telephone	Transportation Emergency Number
1-409-899-3400	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Chemical Family

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS Classification:

HEALTH	PHYSICAL
Serious Eye Damage - Category 1	Corrosive to Metals - Category 1
Skin Corrosion - Category 1 B	

Sensitization, Respiratory - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure) - (Respiratory System) - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure) - (Respiratory System) - Category 2

GHS Label Elements:

SYMBOLS: corrosion, health hazard





Signal Word: DANGER

Section 2 - Hazards Identification (continued)

GHS Label ELEMENTS:

Hazard Statements

Causes severe skin burns & eye damage

May cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) if inhaled

May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be corrosive to metals

Precautionary Statements

PREVENTION

Do not breathe dusts/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep only in original container

RESPONSE

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

IF ON SKIN(or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call emergency medical professional or Poison Control Center

Specific treatment (See Section 4)

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

STORAGE

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant container/container with resistant inner liner DISPOSAL

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal and state regulations

Component Description	***************************************	Percent	***************************************	CAS#	
Hydrogen Chloride		26.00 - 3	37.00	7647-0	1-0
Water		63.00 - '	74.00	7732-1	8-5
EXPOSURE LIMITS/REGULATOR	RY INFORMATION				
Substance	PEL	TLV	STEL	AWT	CEILING
Hydrogen Chloride	C-7 mg/m3	C-2 ppm	50 ppm	N/D	5 ppm
Vater	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
N/D - Not Determined	d C = C	eiling Level			
Section 4 - First Aid Measures					
General If a known exposure occui	rs or is suspect	ed, immediate	ely initiate th	ne recommende	d
procedures below. Simult	aneously contac	t a physicia	n, or the neare	est Poison Co	ntrol
Center. Inform the perso					
victim's symptoms and fol				ormation, cal	1 day or
night, Reagent Chemical	(409) 899-3400 o	r Chemtrec (300) 424-9300.		
Remove from contaminated	atmosphere. If	breathing ha	as ceased, cle	ear the victi	m's
airway and start mouth-to	o-mouth artifici	al respiration	on, which may k	oe supplement	ed
by the use of a bag-mask	respirator, or	a manually-t:	riggered, oxyge	en supply cap	able
of delivering 1 liter/sec	cond or more. I	f the victim	is breathing,	oxygen may b	e
administered from a deman	nd-type or conti	nuous-flow i	nhalator, prefe	erably with a	
physician's advice. Cont	act a physician	immediately			
Eye Contact				15	
Immediately flush the eye					
Hold the eyelids apart du	ring the flushi	ng to ensure	rinsing of the	e entire surf	ace of
the eyes and lids with wa	ater. DO NOT at	tempt to neu	cralize with ch	nemical agent	S.
Obtain medical attention	as soon as poss	ible. Oils	or ointments sh	nould not be	used.
Continue the flushing for	an additional	15 minutes i	the physiciar	n is not avai	lable.
Skin Contact Immediately remove contar	ninated clothing	under a safe	ety shower. Fl	lush all	
affected areas with large	e amounts of wat	er for 15 min	nutes. DO NOT	attempt to	
neutralize with chemical					
Ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting.	Immediately giv			or milk, if	
available. If vomiting o	does occur, give	fluids again	n. Never give	anything by	mouth
to an unconscious person.			earest Poison (
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated	by Exposure				-
Hydrogen Chloride will ag Noteto Physician	ggravate breathi	ng alsorders			
Attending Physician shoul					

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Method

Not Applicable, use water to dilute spills and to flush them away from ignition sources.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Non-flammable, but Hydrochloric Acid reacts with metals.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Non-flammable, but Hydrochloric Acid reacts with all metals, except gold and

platinum, with rapid evolution of Hydrogen which is flammable and explosive in air.

Firefighters exposed to Hydrochloric Acid vapors should wear Scott Air-Pak, or

equivalent. Hydrogen Chloride vapors are extremely irritating to the respiratory

tract and may cause breathing difficulty.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Spills or discharges into the environment involving large quantities of Hydrochloric

Acid should be controlled and cleaned-up according to a pre-determined, affirmative

written Spill Prevention and Control Program. For assistance in developing a SPCP

contact your nearest Reagent Sales Office. Refer to Section 15 for spill/release

reporting information.

Spills should be handled immediately by neutralization and dilution of the spilled product by the use of Soda Ash (Sodium Carbonate), Lime (Calcium Hydroxide), or Limestone (Calcium Carbonate) with large amounts of water. For an interior (inside a closed space) spill be aware that the use of Soda Ash, Lime and Limestone will evolve heat and carbon dioxide and that ample ventilation must be provided. Waste Disposal

Under Federal RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of products to determine,

at the time of disposal, whether the product falls under RCRA as a hazardous waste.

This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, etc. may render the

resulting end-product hazardous.

Container Disposal

Containers should be cleaned of residual product before disposal. Empty containers should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling

Chemical goggles and full face shield must be worn at all times by personnel

exposed to or handling Hydrochloric Acid. The use of a NIOSH approved cartridge

respirator or a Scott Air-Pak should be used by all personnel exposed.

Storage

Store containers in a cool, dry location away from direct sunlight, sources of

intense heat, or where freezing may occur. Store material in acid-proof container.

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep container away from incompatible

materials. All loading, unloading, and storage equipment must be inspected prior to

any transfer operations are initiated.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage (continued)

General Comments

Impervious clothing, gloves, footwear and head gear must be worn at all times

by personnel exposed to or handling Hydrochloric Acid.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage

Make sure all personnel involved in housekeeping and spill clean-up follow good

Industrial Hygiene practices and wear proper protective equipment.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

EXPOSURE LIM	ITS					
Substance		PEL	TLV	STEL	TWA	CEILING
Hydrogen Chl	oride	C-7 mg/m3	C-5 ppm	50 ppm	N/D	5 ppm
Water		N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
N/D - N	o Data Available	C = 0	Ceiling Level	1		
Respiratory Protection	on					
Maintain air	borne contaminate	levels below	listed guide	elines.	Use with adequate	
ventilation. Use a mechanical fan or vent area to scrubber. Use NIOSH approved						
respiratory protection if exposure limits are exceeded.						
Ventilation Loc	al Exhaust		Special			
If	PEL exceeded		Vent fumes	to appr	opriate scrubber	
Med	chanical (General)		Other			

Not Applicable

Skin Protection

Wear neoprene rubber gloves to minimize skin contact. Additional protection may be

necessary to prevent skin contact including use of apron, face shield, boots or full

body protection. A safety shower should be located in the work area.

Eye Protection

Splash goggles or safety glasses. Face shields are recommended. Eye-wash stations

should be available where eye contact can occur.

Other Protection

Use body protection appropriate for task. An apron or other impermeable body

protection is suggested. Full body chemical protection is recommended for

emergency response procedures.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

If PEL exceeded

	Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	
230 F		1.13 - 1.19
	Freezing Point	
50 - 60 mm		12 F to -63 F
	Density	
No Data Available		9.48 - 9.61
	Odor Threshold	
< 1		0.25 - 10 ppm
	Evaporation Rate	
Not Flammable		No Data Available
	Flammability Limits	
Not Flammable		Not Flammable
	Partition Coefficient	
Not Flammable		No Data Available
	Decomposition Temperature	
2.3 mPa.s		No Data Available
	50 - 60 mm No Data Available < 1 Not Flammable Not Flammable	230 F Freezing Point 50 - 60 mm Density No Data Available Odor Threshold < 1 Evaporation Rate Not Flammable Flammability Limits Not Flammable Partition Coefficient Not Flammable Decomposition Temperature

Solubility in Water

miscible

Appearance and Odor

Clear/Slightly yellow with a sharp pungent odor

Section 10 -	Stability and	l Re	eactivity		
Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid		
	Stable		Hydrochloric Acid is extremely reactive. Avoid contact	with	
		X	metal surfaces and oxidizing agents.		
Incompatibility (I			hemically stable when properly contained and handled. I	t is a	
strong mir	neral acid	and	d reacts with many metals and metal oxides and hydroxide	S	
to form th	ne equival	ent	metal chloride. It reacts with zeolites and other sili	cious	
compounds	to form H	ydro	osilicic Acid; it reacts with carbonates to form Carbon		
Dioxide ar	nd Water.	It	is oxidized by Oxygen or electrolysis to form Chlorine,	a	
lethal, po	oisonous g	as.	It reacts with alkaline compounds to form a neutral sa	lt.	
It is a hy	drolyzing	age	ent for carbohydrates, esters and other compounds.		
It's react	tion with	most	t metals will produce Hydrogen, an explosive gas. Viole	nt	
reactions	will resu	lt v	when Hydrochloric Acid Reacts with acetic anhydride,		
2-aminoeth	nanol, amm	oniı	um hydroxide, calcium phosphide, chlorosulfonic acid,		
ethylene d	diamine, e	thy.	lene imine, oleum (fuming sulfuric acid), perchloric acid	d,	
beta propi	iolactone,	pro	opylene oxide, sodium hydroxide, sulfuric acid, uranium		
Hazardous Deco	phosphide and vinyl acetate. This listing is not all-inclusive. Hazardous Decomposition or By-products Extreme heat may cause the product to decompose, producing toxic fumes which may				
include ch	nlorine co	mpOi	unds		
	May Occur Will Not Occur	Х	Conditions to Avoid Extreme heat and contact with incompatible materials		
Section 11 -	Toxicologic	al In	formation		
Route(s) of Entr	y:		Inhalation?Skin?IngestionYesYesYes	?	
Health Hazards Hydrogen (h as a gas and in a solution as Hydrochloric Acid, is a		
corrosive	substance	and	d can cause severe and painful burns on contact with any		
part of th	ne body or	if	taken internally. The mucous membranes of the eyes and	the	
upper respiratory tract are especially susceptible to the injurious effects of high					
atmospheri	ic concent	rati	ions of Hydrogen Chloride. The gas or vapor is so		
penetratir	ng and pun	gent	t that when high concentrations do occur, those exposed		
should imm		leav	ve the contaminated area. NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHAR	egulated?	
				ta Available	
Medical Condition	ons Generally Ag	lor: grava	ic acid may cause severe burns at the contact points ated by Exposure aggravate dermatitis and breathing disorders.		

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Respiratory System - May cause respiratory injury/irritation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Respiratory System - May cause respiratory injury/irritation

Inhalation Data

Hydrogen Chloride Human LCLo - 1300 ppm/30 min

Rat LC_{50} - 4701 ppm/30 min

Oral (rabbit)

 $LD_{50} - 900 \text{ mg/kg}$

Oral (rat) LD₅₀ - 700 mg/kg

Dermal (rabbit)

 LD_{50} - 5010 mg/kg

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No Data Available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage pH <1

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes severe eye damage pH <1

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Corrosive to respiratory tract with concentrated or repeated exposures

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Toxicity

Animals exposed to hydrochloric acid solution will experience tissue damage, burns and

may be killed. Plants contaminated with hydrochloric acid solutions of low pH may be

adversely effected or destroyed. High concentrations have been shown to be detrimental

to aquatic life. A release into a body of water will kill fish and other aquatic life.

Other Ecological Information

Hydrochloric acid is stable and found naturally in the environment. All work practices

should be aimed at eliminating environmental contamination.

Chemical Fate Information

Hydrochloric acid is naturally occurring in the environment.

Other Regulatory Information

No other regulatory information is available on this product.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

As sold, this product, when discarded or disposed of, is a hazardous waste according

to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). It is listed as Hazardous Waste Number D002,

listed due to its corrosivity. The transportation, treatment and disposal of this waste

material must be conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 262, 263, 264, 268 and 270.

Disposal can occur only in properly permitted facilities. Refer to state and local

statutes for any additional requirements, as they may differ from Federal laws.

Waste Disposal

Under Federal RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of products to determine,

at the time of disposal, whether the product falls under RCRA as a hazardous waste.

This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, etc. may render the

resulting end-product hazardous.

Container Disposal

Containers should be cleaned of residual product before disposal. Empty containers

should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Inform	nation			
Regulated Material Hydrochloric Acid is d	efined as hazardous l	by the US DOT and Transport (Canada	
North American Emergency Respons	e Guide Book		Carraga	
ID # 1789 Guide #15				
Proper Shipping Name	DOMESTIC SHII	PPING INFORMATION Hazard Classification		
1 Topor Onipping Name	Hydrochloric Acid	Tiazard Giassincation	Corrosive	
UN/NA Identification		Hazard Class		
	UN 1789		Class 8	
DOT Labels Required	Corrosive	Packaging Group	II	
		L SHIPPING INFORMATION	111	
Proper Shipping Name	INTERMATIONAL	Hazard Classification		
, , ,	Hydrochloric Acid		Corrosive	
UN/NA Identification		Hazard Class		
Labels Required	UN 1789	Packaging Group	Class 8	
Labels Required	Corrosive	r ackaging Group	II	
Section 15 - Regulatory Info				
U.S. Federal Regulations	illiation			
	ental Response and L	iability Act of 1980 (CERCLA):	
Chemical Name	e: Hydrochloric Acid	d CAS # 7647-01-0 RQ	- 5000 lbs	
Toxic Substances Contr	ol Act (TSCA):			
All component	ts of this product a	re included on the TSCA inver	ntory	
OSHA Hazard Communicat	ion Standard Classif	ication:		
Corrosive as	defined by the OSHA	Hazard Communication Standar	rd.	
Clean Water Act (CWA):				
Chemical Name	e: Hydrochloric Acid	d CAS # 7647-01-0 Lis	sted as Hazardous	
No chemical	components listed as	Priority pollutants or Toxio	c pollutants	
Clean Air Act (CAA):				
Hydrochloric	acid, CAS 7647-01-0	, is listed as a hazardous as	ir pollutant (HAP)	
US Environmental Prote	ction Agency Risk Ma	nagement Plan (RMP) Regulated	d:	
No, Hydrochlo	oric acid solution un	nder 37% is not regulated		
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Information:				
SARA Section	302: Hydrochloric A	Acid CAS # 7647-01-0 TPQ 50	000 lb EPCRA RQ	
SARA Section 313: Hydrochloric Acid CAS # 7647-01-0				
National Sanitation Foundation Limits (ANSI/NSF Standard 60):				
Maximum Drinking Water Use Concentration - 40 mg/l				
Scale and Corrosion Control at Maximum 40 mg/l State Regulations				
California Safe Drinking Water Act (Prop 65) Listing:				
No ingredients listed in this section				
California Right to Know Act:				
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid CAS # 7647-01-0				

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Section 15 - Regulatory Information (continued)				
New Jersey Right to Know Act:				
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0			
Chemical Name: Water	CAS # 7732-18-5			
Massachusetts Right to Know Act Substance List (M	ISL)::			
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0			
Pennsylvania Right to Know Act Hazardous Substanc	e List:			
Chemical Name: Water	CAS # 7732-18-5			
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0			
International Regulations Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL) Inventory	Listing:			
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0			
Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List				
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0			
Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information	on System (WHMIS):			
Class E: Corrosive material				
This product has been classified accord	ing to the hazard criteria of the CPR			
and the MSDS contains all of the inf	ormation required by the CPR			
European Inventory of Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	:			
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	EINECS # 2315957			
EU Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives:				
Hazard Symbols: C				
EU Risk (R) and Safety (S) Phrases:				
R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed				
R37/38: Irritating to respiratory system and skin				
R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes				
S36/37: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves				
S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately				
S53: Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use				
S61: Avoid release to the environment. Refer to safety data sheet				
Japanese Minister of International Trade and Industry (MITI) Inventory Listing:				
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	SECTION STRUCTURE # 1-324			
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Listing:				
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	CAS # 7647-01-0			
US Census Bureau - Foreign Trade Identification				
Chemical Name: Hydrochloric Acid	HTS & Schedule B # 2806.10.0000			

Section 16 - Other Information	
Created By	MSDS Revision Date
Product Safety - 6/1/98 MSDS Revision Number	June 11, 2015 Revision Indicator
•	Hazard Statement Alignment
MSDS Contact Robert Dritschel 908-284-2800	
Does Product Contain, or is Manufactured with, CFC's? No	
National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Ratings:	
Health - 3 Flammability - 0 Instability - 0 Oth	ner Hazard Information - ACID
Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS):	
Health - 3 Flammability - 0 Physical Hazard - 0	Protective Equipment - X
North American Emergency Response Guide Book	
ID # 1789 Guide #157 2008 & 2012 Revision	

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